

Cap sur l'école inclusive en Europe



Pedagogical Sheet

Constructing the meaning of multiplication

Section of the Module /E



<u>Contact</u>: Stéphanie Landes SASI APAJH

Level: CP - CE1 - CE2 (1st -

Level: CP - CE1 - CE2 (1st - 2nd – 3rd grades)

Field of study: Mathematics

Constructing the meaning of multiplication

Introducing the word "times"

Session:

2/5

Introducing the word « times »:

Constructing the meaning of this word

• Reminder of session 1: what did we do in the previous session?

• Understanding and assimilating the function of the word "times" in a situation of iterated additions,

Resume the operations found in session 1. Teacher's contribution: "We have 3 piles of 6 books each or 3 times 6 books"

6 + 6 + 6 = 3 times $6 = 3 \times 6$

It can be checked that everyone has understood by resuming the situations of lesson 1 and by writing each time the 3 formulations.

Institutionalization

- $3 \times 6 \rightarrow$ the operation using the sign X is called multiplication
- Lesson: formalization of new learning
- **Application exercise** on the lesson to check if it was well understood

- ✓ Repeating the conclusions of the previous session
- ✓ Ask to repeat the wording to automate it on all examples
- ✓ Lesson: reading and completing

Vers la multiplication



_

Level: CP - CE1 - CE2 (2 nd – 3 rd grades)	Constructing the meaning of multiplication:	Session:
Field of study: Mathema	The interest of multiplication	3/5
Session Feedback on session 2 Further study of	 Reminder: what's the name of the new operation: multiplication Understanding multiplicative writing in 	 ✓ Appeal to the pupils' auditory memory ✓ Reactivate the previous
	 Understanding multiplicative writing in relation to repeated addition. Pupils will be active to access new knowledge Solve the following problem: The teacher bought a reading book for each of the 19 CP pupils. Each book costs 26 euros. How much will she have to pay? Individual research work: 3 pupils will do their research on the board Mutualisation: Explanation of the different ways found by the pupils: who did like X, who did like Y? Verbalisation of actions « How did you do it? » Formalisation of achievements « what did you understand? » Highlight the interest of multiplication as compared to repeated addition, which is time-and calculation-consuming Formalisation of new learning 26 x 19 → the operation using sign X is called? 	 ✓ Ensure the word "everyone" is understood properly; support it with an example ✓ Allow the use of the calculator ✓ Ask troubled pupils to reexplain the instruction is understood properly. ✓ Pupils are asked to explain how they proceeded